

# Report Highlights





### Analysis Made Easy

The t:connect® diabetes management application and t:connect HCP diabetes management application allow patients and their healthcare providers (HCPs) to view their pump and continuous glucose monitoring (CGM) data with transparency and clarity, so they can better understand and manage diabetes.

#### A Patient Dashboard

Between appointments with their healthcare providers, patients have easy access via the internet to all their t:connect reports from a single, easyto-use dashboard.

#### **B** HCP Dashboard

Providers can use a single interface to access all of their patients' data in a central location via the internet. Providers must get permission from each patient to access their data.

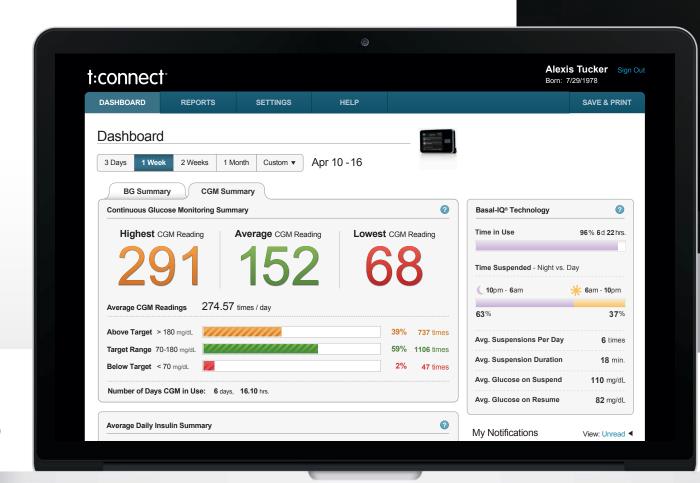
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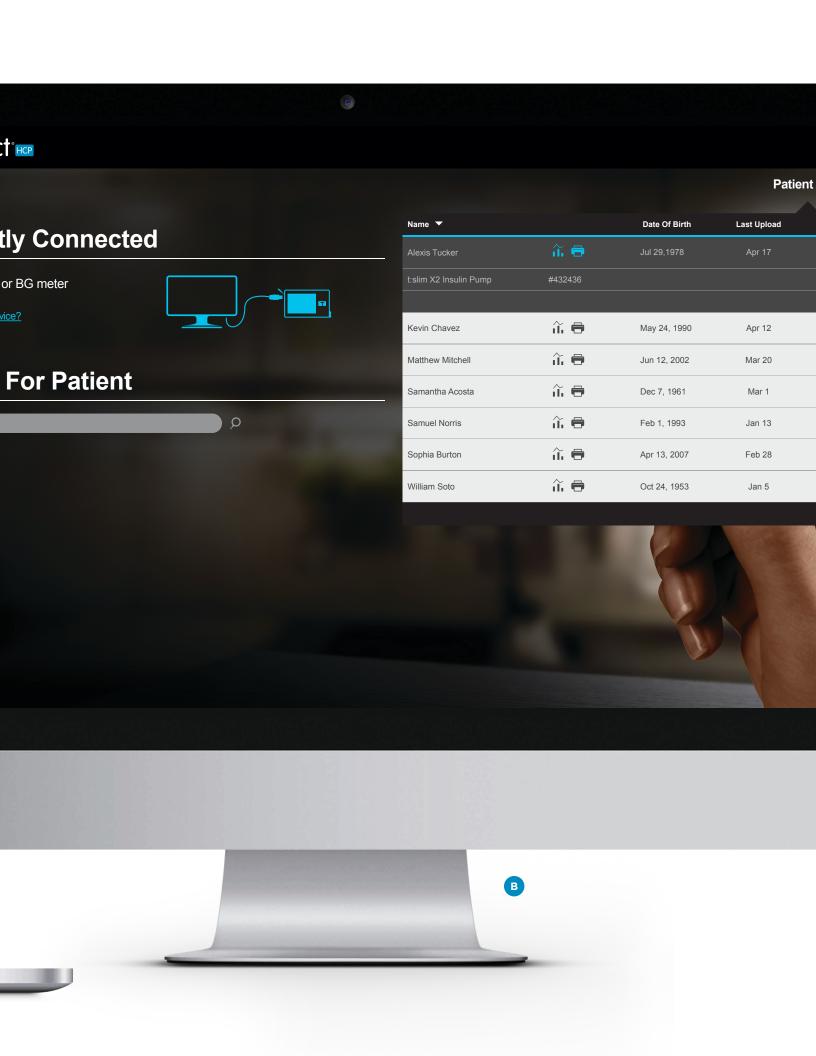
Plug in a pump to upload data

Not seeing your de

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### Dashboard

This screen is a quick snapshot of diabetes data. This data can be personalized and is color coded so that trends are easily identified.

#### A BG Summary

The Blood Glucose (BG) Summary provides a quick view of blood glucose values arranged within specific targets and date ranges. It is possible to quickly see patterns to determine if changes need to be made to the pump settings or therapy. The BG test frequency helps pump users and their providers determine the integrity of the information.

#### **B** CGM Summary

The Continuous Glucose
Monitoring (CGM) Summary provides a quick view of CGM values arranged within specific targets and date ranges. This tab is only enabled if CGM data has been uploaded into the database from a user's insulin pump.

#### © Basal-IQ Dashboard

A summary of Basal-IQ\* technology data, including time in use, time suspended, and suspension averages.

#### Target Range

The American Diabetes Association recommends personalized targets based on considerations for individual pump users. With the t:connect application, pump users and their providers can customize the Target Range under Settings.

# Average Daily Insulin Summary

The Average Daily Insulin Summary displays the average daily number of units of insulin given for correction, food, and basal delivery during the selected date range. It provides a snapshot of the different insulin delivery types to help determine if changes need to be made to the pump settings.

#### **F** Basal Percentage

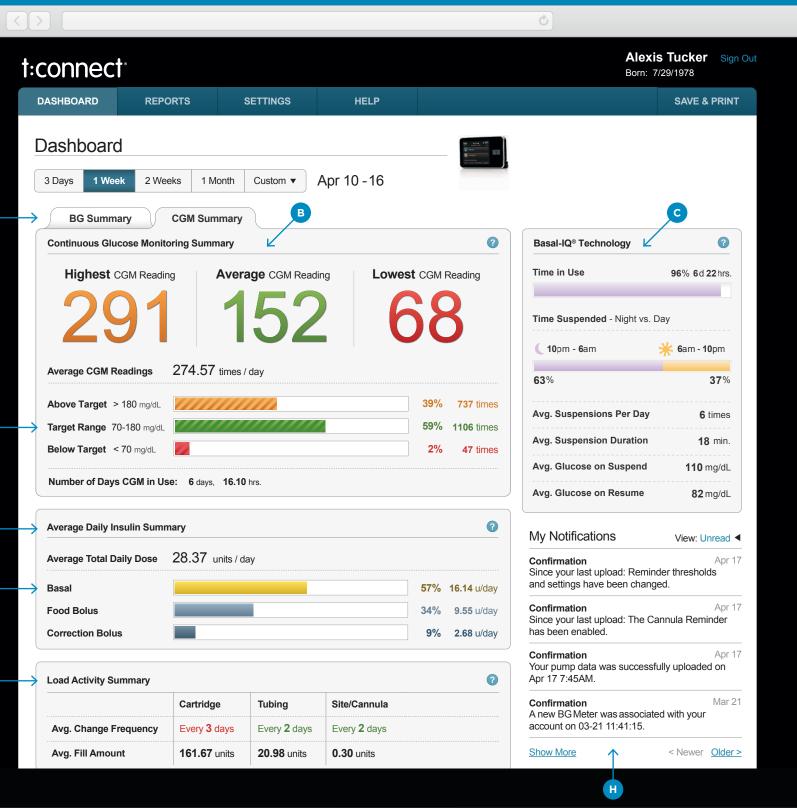
This number is typically between 40–60% depending on carbohydrate intake. Very large or very small percentages may indicate a change is needed.

#### **G** Load Activity Summary

The Load Activity Summary shows the average fill amounts and time periods between cartridge, tubing, and site/cannula changes.

#### Motifications

A snapshot of the pump settings is captured every time a pump is uploaded. Any settings changes (basal rates, carb ratio, reminders) will be identified in this section.



## Therapy Timeline

The Therapy Timeline report displays all blood glucose values uploaded from blood glucose meters or entered into the insulin pump, all insulin delivered (basal and bolus), and all insulin on board (IOB) from each bolus for the selected date range. This report provides a snapshot of blood glucose outcomes for the insulin that was delivered.

#### A Insulin on Board

See the level of insulin that remains following bolus delivery by selecting the insulin on board checkbox. Bolus stacking, for example, can be easily visualized this way.

#### **B** Bolus Delivery

Each bolus type is indicated by a unique color. Extended boluses are shown according to the delivery duration.

#### **C** Temporary Basal

The frequency and duration of use for temporary basal delivery is differentiated by color to make identification easy.



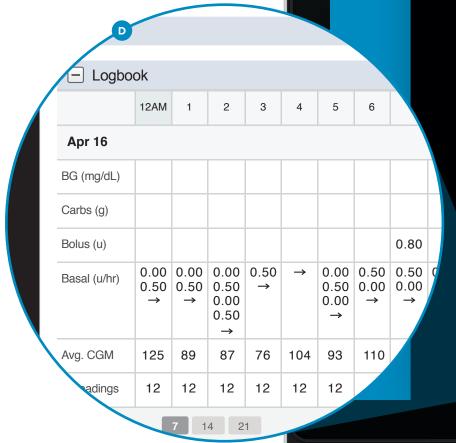
#### t:connect tip

Detailed information can be viewed about a blood glucose or bolus reading by hovering over the data point with your cursor.

A note may also be added to any event by clicking "Add Note."

#### Logbook

The logbook view is accessible on the Therapy Timeline, Blood Glucose Trends, and CGM Hourly reports. The Logbook includes changes to basal rate. If more than one change occurs during a one-hour period, the values will be listed from the most recent basal change on top.







## Printed Therapy Timeline

The printed Therapy Timeline report is a weekly summary view of useful pump, insulin, and glucose data in a clear and actionable format. When printed, the Therapy Timeline is displayed as a dayby-day report, which allows users to review glucose data in relation to individual therapy events.

#### **A** CGM Readings

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The CGM tracing shows the effect insulin, carbs, and activity have on glucose readings. Use this data to narrow in on specific days or events when blood glucose values were out of target range.

#### B Alarms

An alarm is triggered when there has been a discontinuation of all pump deliveries. This can be also be a manual alarm when a user chooses to suspend delivery or during a cartridge change.

#### **C** Basal-IQ Suspensions

Basal-IQ suspensions are displayed as diamonds, similar to the one shown on the pump Home Screen. The pattern, duration, and frequency of suspensions can be identified here. You will see the effect the Basal-IQ algorithm has on the blood glucose values before, during, and after a Basal-IQ suspension.

#### Extended Bolus

The shaded rectangle will show the duration of the extended bolus. It is helpful to see the extended bolus and the CGM readings displayed above it to make recommendations on how best to utilize this feature for future meals.

#### Overridden Boluses

If a large percentage of boluses are overridden, it may indicate that a change in settings is needed. The calculated bolus is shown on top, and the actual delivered bolus is shown below.

#### Cartridge/Site Change

The cartridge/site change is useful to show the specific day and time the site was changed. A site change is recommended at least every 2-3 days, depending on the type of insulin and infusion set used.

### **Blood Glucose Trends**

The Blood Glucose Trends report displays all blood glucose readings uploaded from the blood glucose meter and the pump for the selected date range. Hourly trends provide data for a 24-hour period, while daily trends reveal a week of blood glucose readings. This can help identify blood glucose trends that may be occurring during certain times of the day or days of the week.

#### A Hourly / Daily

Compare whether Hourly trends are unique to certain days, such as on weekends, compared to the weekdays. Patients and providers can switch between the hourly and daily views by clicking the tabs at the top of the report.

#### B Hide Lines

Lines connecting the blood glucose values will be shown by default. Providers and patients may choose to hide or show the lines by clicking on the Hide / Show Lines link.

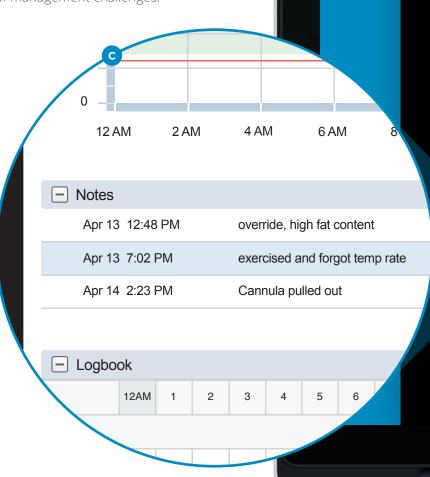


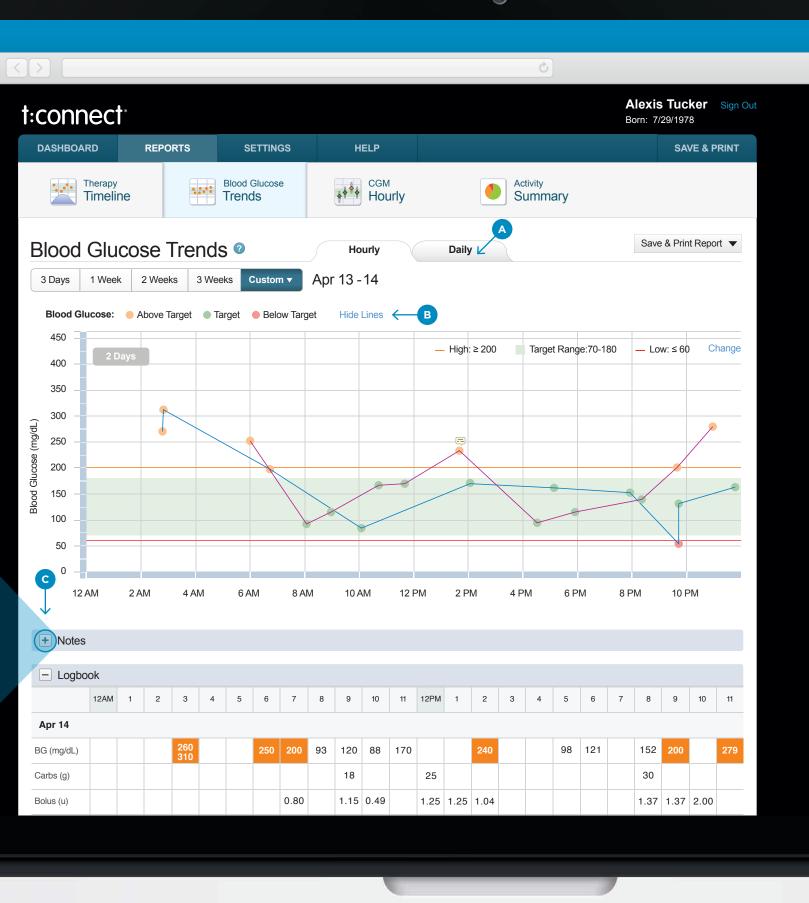
#### t:connect tip

Healthcare providers and patients can choose from preset date ranges shown at the top of the report, or they can select a custom date range. By default, the date range is set to the shortest period on the date presets; the end date is the most recent complete day of data.

#### C Notes

It's essential to be able to identify and eliminate outliers. Patients can enter notes to provide context to glucose results, which will help differentiate whether a settings change would be beneficial versus greater awareness of management challenges.





### CGM Hourly

The CGM Hourly report displays all continuous glucose monitor readings uploaded from a CGM-integrated pump for the selected date range. Each hour on the graph sums up all readings for that hour over multiple days to help find patterns quickly. Below the graph, readings are summarized by time of day for additional detail.

## A Box-and-Whisker Interpretation

If the boxes are short, the pattern is clearer. If there is a pattern of descending or ascending short boxes, a review of the basal rates or insulin-to-carb ratios might be in order.

Tall boxes indicate significant glucose variability. They provide a great opportunity for pump users and their healthcare providers to discuss what factors, such as diet, exercise, and stress, could be causing the variability and what might help address them.

**B** CGM Hourly Average

By hovering over the diamond symbol, users can get more detailed information about that hour, including the median glucose value, the highest and lowest reading, and the interquartile range (IQR).

#### C Time of Day Boxes

These time-based boxes help identify patterns during certain times of the day over the selected date range.

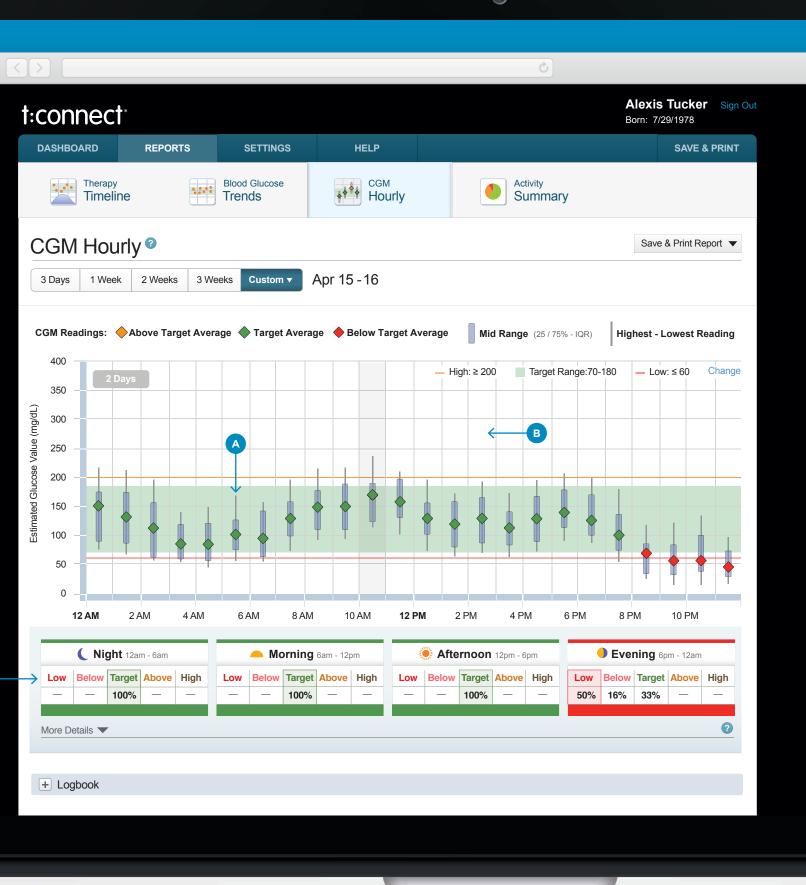
The highlighted column in each box is where most of the readings fall. Each box is also color coded at the top and bottom to highlight its significance. For example, red means that most readings are below target for that time period. Clicking "More Details" to the left reveals additional information for each time of day.



#### t:connect tip

Tailor the Target Range by clicking the Change link at the top of any report. These updated ranges will be used throughout the t:connect application. Note: Pump users and healthcare providers should discuss t:connect reports together before making any adjustments to insulin therapy.





### **Activity Summary**

The Blood Glucose Summary, Insulin Delivery Summary, Bolus Usage Summary, and CGM Summary reflect data from the selected date range. These pie charts offer a way to quickly pinpoint areas that may need further investigation, behavioral modifications, or adjustments to pump settings.

- A Blood Glucose Summary
  The Blood Glucose Summary
  shows the breakdown in the
  number of readings taken of
  a given range. The number
  - a given range. The number of readings and the relative frequency within each glucose range are also visible.
- B Standard Deviation
  When this measure of glycemic variability is high, the glucose is fluctuating widely, which may contribute to negative symptoms and increase the risk

of complications.



#### **Data integrity**

Multiple steps and precautions are taken to ensure that the data is accurate. Cyclic redundancy checks are done at various points in transferring the data. The use of checksums and other algorithms help ensure the data is reported accurately.

c Insulin Delivery Summary

The Insulin Delivery Summary breaks down insulin delivery into daily averages for basal and each type of bolus.

Average Daily Carbs

Tracking carbohydrates is a critical part of diabetes management. Patients and providers can review the Average Daily Carbs and discuss nutrition and meal planning.

**Bolus Usage Summary** 

The Bolus Usage Summary shows the daily average number and type of bolus for a selected date range and the number of stopped boluses.

Overridden Boluses

If the carbohydrate feature is turned on and a large percentage of boluses are overridden, it may indicate that a change in settings is needed.

**G** CGM Summary

The CGM Summary displays the number and percentage of readings within, above, or below the glucose thresholds.



### Pump Settings

This tab displays all of the pump's settings at a glance. The report includes Personal Profiles, Alerts, and Reminders.

### Printing Options

The Save & Print tab allows pump users and providers to select and customize which reports they would like to print or save as PDFs.

